

Table I. Demographic data from basic measurement, mean ± standard deviation (range)

Variables	Total (n = 76)	Male (n = 69)	Female (n = 7)
Age (years)	64.3 ± 9.6 (36–83)	63.5 ± 9.4 (36–83)	71.9 ± 9.3 (54–79)
Height (cm)	178.4 ± 7.7 (153–196)	179.7 ± 6.5 (164–196)	165.7 ± 6.4 (153–173)
Weight (kg)	91.2 ± 15.7 (57–132)	93.0 ± 15.0 (58–132)	73.6 ± 10.9 (57–90)
Ejection fraction, EF (%)	38.9 ± 9.0 (20–65)	38.4 ± 8.8 (20–60)	43.6 ± 9.9 (35–65)
BMI (kg/m²)	28.6 ± 4.0 (20.6–37.8)	28.8 ± 4.0 (20.6–37.8)	26.7 ± 3.2 (21.2–31.1)
Maximum power (watts)	145.7 ± 47.6 (50–275)	152.8 ± 42.9 (60–275)	75.0 ± 30.9 (50–140)
Resting heart rate (bpm)	71.4 ± 13.3 (45–100)	70.7 ± 12.9 (45–100)	78.6 ± 16.3 (60–98)
Maximum heart rate (bpm)	126.9 ± 23.2 (64–184)	127.8 ± 23.2 (64–184)	118.3 ± 23.3 (90–150)
Resting SBP (mmHg)	124.8 ± 18.3 (80–170)	124.4 ± 17.6 (80–160)	128.6 ± 26.1 (90–170)
Resting DBP (mmHg)	81.9 ± 9.9 (60–100)	82.3 ± 10.1 (60–100)	77.9 ± 7.0 (70–90)
Maximum load SBP (mmHg)	171.5 ± 25.1 (110–240)	172.8 ± 25.6 (110–240)	158.6 ± 15.7 (140–180)
Maximum load DBP (mmHg)	88.1 ± 11.5 (60–120)	88.5 ± 11.5 (60–120)	84.3 ± 11.3 (70–100)

BMI = Body Mass Index; % = Percentage; SBP = Systolic Blood Pressure; DBP = Diastolic Blood Pressure; cm = Centimeters; kg = Kilograms; bpm = beats per minute; mmHg = Millimeter of mercury